LANGUE VIVANTE II

ANSWER KEY

(08 marks)

I. READING COMPREHENSION

A. Fill in the blanks with words from the indicated paragraphs of the text.

 $(0.5 \times 4 = 2 \text{ marks})$

Children from poor areas are often viewed as marginalized and 1. **deprived** (**parag**. 1) of any consideration from their society. In reaction to that injustice, they often use violence that can have 2. **detrimental** (**parag**.4) consequences on their community. So it's important to 3. **make them aware** (**parag**. 4) of the dangers of delinquency instead of using 4. **coercive** (**parag**. 2) methods to punish them.

B. These statements are **BOTH TRUE**. Justify with specific passages from the text.

(1 x 2 = 2 marks)

5. Young criminals have often experienced violence in their families during their childhood.

True: where children are exposed to violence in their immediate social environment

6. Young marginals are not given proper education

True: delinquents' basic education is poor

C. Match the items in column A with their equivalents from the text in B. (2 marks)

Column A	Column B
	These preventive policies should be given
7. On devrait privilégier les mesures de	priorities over any coercive measures
prevention et non la contrainte.	
8. Leur mise à l'écart de la société leur enlève	they have been marginalized from society
toute fiérté	and deprived of any dignity or self-esteem.

D. Who or what do the underlined words refer to in the text? $(0.5 \times 2 = 1 \text{ mark})$

9. Them (parag. 3) : Young people who drop out of school or come from broken families

10. Them (parag. 4): youths

E. Complete this sentence referring to the text. (1 x 1 = 1 mark)
11. One solution to prevent young villagers from moving to cities could be plans that focus on

education, employment and access to leisure programs

II. LINGUISTIC AND COMMUNICATIVE COMPETENCE (6 marks)

F. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the words in parentheses.

$(0.5 \times 4 = 2 \text{ marks})$

Nowadays, many crimes are perpetrated in Senegal by 12. irresponsible young people. They 13.deliberately kill their victims in order to deprive them of their properties. Sometimes they do that just because they are 14.hungry; it is a phenomenon that can be 15. easily noticed these days.

1/2

ANGLAIS

LANGUE VIVANTE II

21 G 12 B N° 1 Séries : L'1-L2-L1b-LA <u>Epreuve du 2^{ème} groupe</u>

G. A journalist and a juvenile crime expert are discussing the prevalence of violence. Complete their interview meaningfully. When the words are given, put them in the right forms: (3 marks)

Journalist: Good morning sir! Thanks for accepting this interview! **Expert**: You're welcome.

Journalist: Crime 16. has been taking/has taken higher proportions for months now.

Expert: Definitely!

Journalist: Can you tell me why?

Expert: 17 (correct and meaningful responses)

- <u>Journalist</u>: How do you explain the fact that young delinquents 18 are getting more violent every day?
- **Expert**: Well, in addition to drug use, most of them come from broken families. That's why we think that basic education must be 19. **reinforced**).

Journalist: 20. What about sending them to detention centers?

Expert: No, I don't think that imprisonment only can solve this problem! They also need to be 21 **taken** care of psychologically!

H. Notions

$(0.5 \times 2 = 1 \text{ mark})$

Statements	Notions expressed
22. Information campaigns are needed to make youths aware of	Recommendation
the effects of violence.	
23. It's a pity that there is so much violence in our cities.	Regret

I. <u>WRITING</u> (6 marks) <u>Content</u>: 2 marks <u>Grammar</u>: 2 marks <u>Coherence and cohesion</u>: 1 mark Originality: 1 mark