

REPUBLIQUE DU SENEGAL



Un Peuple – Un But – Une Foi

MINISTERE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPERIEUR, DE LA RECHERCHE ET DE L'INNOVATION

OFFICE DU BACCALAUREAT

PROGRAMME D'ENSEIGNEMENT NIVEAU TERMINALE SENEGAL

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REPUBLIQUE DU SENEGAL
MINISTERE DE L'EDUCATION



INSPECTION GENERALE DE L'EDUCATION NATIONALE
(IGEN)

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COMMISSION NATIONALE POUR L'ANGLAIS
(C.N.A.)

ENSEIGNEMENT MOYEN ET SECONDAIRE
PROGRAMMES DE L.V. ANGLAIS

4^{ème} EDITION (Revue & Corrigée)

BUREAU D'ANGLAIS, Mars 2017

<p>4. <u>City and Village Life</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Types of accommodation b) Public services c) Consumer services : stores, banks, etc. d) Food and drinks e) Religions f) Mobility and its effects on society: migration, rural exodus g) Places of recreational interest: parks, libraries, cinemas, etc. h) Demography: population growth and population control, environmental issues i) Culture shock <p>5. <u>Delinquency, Crime and Punishment</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Drugs b) Corruption c) Child abuse d) Muggings e) Thefts f) Justice 	<p>3) <u>Reading:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Skimming to obtain the gist of a text b. Scanning to locate specific information c. Understanding explicit information d. Identifying the main point or important information in a text e. Identifying text types: (narrative, descriptive, argumentative etc.) f. Understanding text organisation g. Recognizing discourse indicators and sequencing <p>4) <u>Writing:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Expressing explicit information b. Producing various text types: (narrative, descriptive, argumentative etc.) c. Using salient/relevant points to make a summary (factual & chronological) d. Using discourse indicators: sequencing e. Initiating discourse f. Maintaining discourse g. Terminating discourse h. Reformulating information and paraphrasing to avoid repetition 			<p><u>6/ Manipulating variation in stress in connected speech</u></p> <p><u>7/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating information units</u></p> <p><u>8/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating emphasis</u></p> <p><u>9/ Producing Intonation Patterns</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Rising tone with declarative/moodless clauses b. Rising/Falling tone with tag questions c. Rising tone with Yes/No interrogative clauses d. Falling intonation with WH-questions <p><u>10/ Expressing / Interpreting attitudinal meaning through:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Pitch height b. Pitch range c. Pause d. Tempo
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BY THE END OF PREMIERE CLASS, THE FOLLOWING SHOULD HAVE BEEN PRACTICED, REVIEWED, AND REINFORCED.

Teachers will deal with the topics relevant to their streams (L = literary; S = Scientific), but they are free to teach any other topic if time allows.

Teachers in "L" will cover two subtopics under each heading in bold. Teachers in "S" will cover at least one subtopic under each heading in bold.

TOPICS	SKILLS	FUNCTIONS/ NOTIONS	GRAMMAR	PHONOLOGY
1. Trade Professions and Occupations (L & S) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Jobs, arts & crafts Places & conditions of work Employment & unemployment Professional training Social taboos Income Prospects Economy & migration Child labour Etc. 2. Free Time and Entertainment (L) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Hobbies Sports Radio, TV, Cinema, Theatre, Concerts Museums, Galleries, Exhibitions Intellectual and artistic pursuits 3. Economy (S & L) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Shopping : Prices, weights & measurements Shopping facilities Foodstuffs, clothes, fashion, etc. Household articles The consumer society The ups and downs of the economy 	1. Listening <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding implicit information Understanding meaning through intonation /stress Understanding the communicative value (function) of utterances Transferring information in speech to diagrammatic display Evaluating a piece of discourse (register, style, tone, etc.) 2. Speaking <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Having an interview Expressing implicit information Expressing meaning through intonation /stress Using relevant points to make a summary Organising information in expository discourse (especially presentation of report, expounding an argument, evaluating evidence) Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/ graphs Reformulating information and paraphrase to avoid repetition Relaying information 3. Reading <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding implicit 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expressing intention Approving/disapproving forbidding Expressing regret Expressing obligation Expressing necessity / lack of necessity Making polite requests Agreeing/disagreeing Making plans Expressing purpose Expressing ability Giving advice Making suggestions Expressing preference Expressing similarities & differences Drawing conclusions Making decisions Giving advice and making suggestions Requesting advice Giving instructions Expressing feelings & emotions Giving reasons Expressing past habits Describing on - going Process Asking for/giving clarifications Expressing possibility / 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Nouns : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Articles; Noun phrases ; Defining/non-defining relative clauses Quantifiers Pronouns Possessives Plurals Adjectives <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Comparisons Adjective of degree Superlatives Word order Adverbs <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Formation Adverbs of frequency Verbs <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Present tenses Future tenses Passive Progressive Perfect Modals Modals + perfect (should/shouldn't have + past participle); Conditional (3 types) Phrasal verbs 	<u>1/ Discriminating sounds in connected speech :</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Vowels, consonants, diphthongs Strong and weak forms Neutralization of weak forms <u>2/ Articulating sounds in isolate word forms:</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Long and short vowels Consonants Consonant clusters Diphthongs <u>3/ Discriminating sounds in connected speech :</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Strong and weak forms Neutralization of weak forms Reduction of unstressed vowels Modification of sound through : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assimilation Elision Liaison <u>4/ Articulating sound in connected speech:</u>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> g. Poverty h. Development (Sustainable, etc.) i. Starvation j. Agriculture k. Industry l. Mining m. Technology n. Etc. <p>4. <u>Health, Welfare & Environment</u> (S & L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Physical and mental disabilities b. Pollution c. Hygiene and cleanliness d. Ailments and accidents e. Insurance f. Keeping fit g. Medicine h. Diseases i. The progress of Medicine : genetics, cloning, transplants, euthanasia j. Etc. <p>5. <u>Events and Changes</u> (L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Colonial time and the struggle for Independence b. English in the World c. War and violence d. International relationships e. Administration f. Politics and government : politics, elections, freedom & basic changes g. Contemporary Africa h. Building the society i. The march of progress: -Looking to the future -Building a better society j. Etc. 	<p>information</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b. Filling out forms c. Understanding the communicative value (function) of utterances d. Understanding/using graphic presentation, tables, cross- referencing, etc. e. Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/graphs f. Transcoding information in writing to diagrammatic display <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Directly (commentary /description concurrent with action) ; o Indirectly (reporting) g. Evaluating a piece of discourse (register, style, tone, etc.) <p>4. <u>Writing</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Letter of application b. Résumé c. Filling out forms d. Expressing information implicitly e. Using relevant points to make a summary f. Organising information in expository discourse (especially presentation of report, expounding an argument, evaluating evidence) g. Understanding/ using graphic presentation, tables, cross- referencing, etc. h. Organising information presented in diagrammatic display into writing i. Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/graphs j. Reformulating information and paraphrase to avoid repetition 	<p>probability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 27. Describing process 28. Reporting factual information 29. Making offers 30. Comparing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> j. Subjunctive <p>5) Others</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Question formation b. Sentence structure c. Coordinating conjunctions d. Conjunctive adverbs e. Subordinating conjunctions f. Prepositions g. Prepositional phrases h. Reported speech (statements, questions, reporting verbs, time adverbials) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Strong and weak forms b. Neutralization of weak forms c. Reduction of unstressed vowels d. Modification of sounds <p><u>5/ Discriminating Stress Patterns within words</u></p> <p><u>6/ Articulating stress pattern within words</u></p> <p><u>7/ Manipulating variation in stress in connected speech</u></p> <p><u>8/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating information units</u></p> <p><u>9/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating emphasis</u></p> <p><u>10/ Producing Intonation Patterns</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Rising tone with declarative / moodless clauses b. Rising tone with Imperative clauses c. Rising tone with Yes/No interrogative clauses
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<p>6. <u>Cultural Heritage</u> (L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Religions b. Religious events c. Social events, customs, ceremonies and festivals d. Moral values : (tolerance, solidarity, charity) e. Etc. <p>7. <u>Science and Technology</u> (S)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Inventions and Discoveries b. ICTs c. Science and Information <p>8. <u>Information and Communication</u> (S & L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Communication facilities : telephone, mail, newspapers, radio, TV, etc. b. Information and Communication Technologies c. Explosion of information d. Information and ethics: sensitive information, taboos e. Advertisements f. The right to information <p>9. <u>Education</u> (L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Traditional education b. Schooling (systems, perspectives) c. Changing values d. The heritage of the past e. Civics f. Peace 	<p>k. Relaying information</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Directly (commentary /description concurrent with action); o Indirectly (reporting) <p>4. <u>Study skills</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Doing project work : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Organising o Presenting o Evaluating b. Taking notes while reading and listening c. Using reference materials (dictionaries, computers, libraries, etc.) 			<p>11/ <u>Expressing / Interpreting</u> <u>attitudinal meaning through:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pitch height - Pitch range - Pause - Tempo
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“TERMINALE” BEING AN EXAM CLASS AND THE LAST OF SECONDARY SCHOOL, TEACHERS WILL REVISIT THE TOPICS, SKILLS, FUNCTIONS & NOTIONS, STRUCTURES, AND ASPECTS OF PHONOLOGY STUDIED IN “SECONDE & PREMIERE”. SPECIAL EMPHASIS WILL BE LAID ON TEST TAKING SKILLS RELATED TO THE WRITTEN AND ORAL EXAM

Teachers will deal with the topics relevant to their streams (L = literary; S = Scientific). But they are free to teach any other topic if time allows.

Teachers in “L” will cover two subtopics under each heading in bold. Teachers in “S” will cover at least one subtopic under each heading in bold.

TOPICS	SKILLS	FUNCTIONS/ NOTIONS	GRAMMAR	PHONOLOGY
1. Trade Professions and Occupations (L & S) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Jobs, arts & crafts Places & conditions of work Employment & unemployment Professional training Social taboos Income Prospects Economy & migration Child labour Etc. 2. Free Time and Entertainment (L) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Hobbies Sports Radio, TV, Cinema, Theatre, Concerts Museums, Galleries, Exhibitions Intellectual and artistic pursuits, etc. 3. Economy (S & L) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Shopping : Prices, weights & 	1. Listening <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Skimming to obtain the gist / general impression of a text Scanning to locate specific information Understanding /expressing explicit information Understanding /expressing meaning through intonation/stress Identifying the main point or important information in a piece of discourse Identifying text types (narrative, descriptive, argumentative etc.) Recognizing/using discourse indicators: sequencing Transferring information in speech/writing to diagrammatic display Evaluating a piece of discourse (register, style, tone, etc.) 2. Speaking <ol style="list-style-type: none"> expressing explicit information Expressing meaning through intonation/stress using discourse indicators: sequencing Organising information in expository discourse (especially presentation of report, expounding an argument, 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expressing intentions Approving/disapproving forbidding Expressing regret Expressing obligation Expressing necessity / lack of necessity Making polite requests Agreeing/disagreeing Making plans Expressing purpose Expressing wishes and hopes Expressing ability Giving advice Making suggestions Expressing preference Expressing similarities & differences Discussing Reporting Expressing ability Expressing habits Describing on - going Process Expressing personal beliefs/emotions Asking for/giving clarifications 	1. Verbs: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Tenses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present, Past, Perfect, Future Conditionals Modals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obligation Prohibition Permission Possibility Probability Capability Ability, etc. Passive and active Imperative Infinitive and ING Had better ; Would rather Direct & indirect speech 2. Conjunctions : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Coordinating Conjunctions Conjunctive adverbs Subordinating conjunctions 	1/ Discriminating sounds in connected speech : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Vowels, consonants, diphthongs Strong and weak forms Neutralization of weak forms 2/ Articulating sounds in isolate word forms: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Long and short vowels Consonants Consonant clusters Diphthongs 3/ Discriminating sounds in connected speech : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Strong and weak forms Neutralization of weak forms Reduction of unstressed vowels Modification of

<p>measurements</p> <p>b. Shopping facilities</p> <p>c. Foodstuffs, clothes, fashion, etc.</p> <p>d. Household articles</p> <p>e. The consumer society</p> <p>f. The ups and downs of the economy</p> <p>g. Poverty</p> <p>h. development (Sustainable, etc.)</p> <p>i. Starvation</p> <p>j. Agriculture</p> <p>k. Industry</p> <p>l. Mining</p> <p>m. Technology</p> <p>n. Etc.</p> <p>4. <u>Health, Welfare & Environment</u> (S & L)</p> <p>a. Physical and mental disabilities</p> <p>b. Pollution</p> <p>c. Hygiene and cleanliness</p> <p>d. Ailments and accidents</p> <p>e. Insurance</p> <p>f. Keeping fit</p> <p>g. Medicine</p> <p>h. Diseases</p> <p>i. The progress of medicine : genetics, cloning, transplants, euthanasia</p> <p>j. Etc.</p> <p>5. <u>Events and Changes</u> (L)</p> <p>a. Colonial time and the struggle for Independence</p> <p>b. English in the World</p> <p>c. War and violence</p> <p>d. International relationships</p>	<p>e. evaluating evidence)</p> <p>e. Organising information presented in diagrammatic display, into speech</p> <p>f. Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/graphs</p> <p>g. Reformulating information and paraphrase to avoid repetition</p> <p>h. Relaying information</p> <p>o Directly (commentary /description concurrent with action) ;</p> <p>o Indirectly (reporting)</p> <p>2. <u>Reading</u></p> <p>a. Skimming to obtain the gist / general impression of a text</p> <p>b. Scanning to locate specific information</p> <p>c. Understanding /expressing explicit information</p> <p>d. Identifying the main point or important information in a piece of discourse</p> <p>e. Identifying text types (narrative, descriptive, argumentative etc.)</p> <p>f. Understanding text organisation</p> <p>g. Recognizing/using discourse indicators: sequencing</p> <p>h. Understanding/using graphic presentation, tables, cross-referencing, etc.</p> <p>i. Organising information presented in diagrammatic display, into speech/writing</p> <p>j. Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/graphs</p> <p>k. Transcoding information in speech/writing to diagrammatic display</p> <p>l. Evaluating a piece of discourse (register, style, tone, etc.)</p> <p>3. <u>Writing</u></p> <p>a. Expressing explicit information</p> <p>b. Producing various text types (narrative, descriptive,</p>	<p>24. Expressing possibility/probability</p> <p>25. Describing process</p> <p>26. Reporting factual information</p> <p>27. Giving instructions</p> <p>28. Making offers</p> <p>29. Arguing</p> <p>30. Congratulating</p> <p>31. Comparing</p> <p>32. Expressing likes and dislikes</p> <p>33. Apologising</p> <p>34. Accepting apologies</p>	<p>3. <u>Adjectives</u></p> <p>a. Comparisons</p> <p>b. Order of adjectives</p> <p>c. Intensifiers</p> <p>d. Possessive adjectives</p> <p>4. <u>Nouns</u></p> <p>a. Mass and count nouns</p> <p>b. Personal pronouns</p> <p>c. Possessives</p> <p>5. <u>Articles</u></p> <p>a. Indefinite</p> <p>b. Definite</p> <p>6. <u>adverbs</u></p> <p>a. Word order</p> <p>b. Position</p> <p>7. <u>Relative clauses</u></p> <p>8. <u>Prefixes and suffixes</u></p>	<p>sound through :</p> <p>- Assimilation</p> <p>- Elision</p> <p>- Liaison</p> <p><u>4/ Articulating sound in connected speech:</u></p> <p>a. Strong and weak forms</p> <p>b. Neutralization of weak forms</p> <p>c. Reduction of unstressed vowels</p> <p>d. Modification of sounds</p> <p><u>5/ Discriminating Stress Patterns within words</u></p> <p><u>6/ Articulating stress pattern within words</u></p> <p><u>7/ Manipulating variation in stress in connected speech</u></p> <p><u>8/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating information units</u></p> <p><u>9/ Recognizing the use of stress in connected speech for indicating emphasis</u></p> <p><u>11/ Producing Intonation Patterns</u></p>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> e. Administration f. Politics and government : politics, elections, freedom & basic changes g. Contemporary Africa h. Building the society i. The march of progress : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Looking to the future b. Building a better society j. Etc. <p>6. Cultural Heritage (L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Religions b. Religious events c. Social events, customs, ceremonies and festivals d. Moral values : (tolerance, solidarity, charity) e. Etc. <p>7. Science and Technology (S)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Inventions and Discoveries b. ICTs c. Science and Information d. Information and ethics, etc. <p>8. Information and Communication (S & L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Communication facilities : telephone, mail, newspapers, radio, TV, etc. b. Information and Communication Technologies c. Explosion of information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> c. argumentative, etc.) c. Using salient relevant points to make a summary d. Recognizing/using discourse indicators : sequencing e. Organising information in expository discourse (especially presentation of report, expounding an argument, evaluating evidence) f. Understanding/using graphic presentation, tables, cross-referencing, etc. g. Organising information presented in diagrammatic display, into speech/writing h. Interpreting or comparing diagrams/tables/graphs i. Reformulating information and paraphrase to avoid repetition j. Relaying information <p>5. Study skills and other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Doing project work : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Organising o Presenting o Evaluating o Taking notes while reading or listening o Using reference materials 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Rising tone with declarative/ moodless clauses b. Rising tone with Imperative clauses c. Rising tone with Yes/No interrogative clauses <p><u>12/ Expressing / Interpreting attitudinal meaning through:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Pitch height -Pitch range -Pause -Tempo
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> d. Information and ethics: sensitive information, taboos e. Advertisements f. The right to information g. Etc. <p>9. <u>Education</u> (L)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Traditional Education b. Schooling (systems, perspectives) c. Changing values d. The heritage of the Past e. Civics f. Peace g. Etc. 				
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This listing of what should be covered in each year is not intended to be constricting for teachers. There may be aspects omitted that thoughtful teachers want to include with classes. If in doubt, please check with your Formateur or the Bureau d'Anglais. Please, also inform the Bureau d'Anglais with suggestions. Our belief is that language is living; therefore, it is necessary to continuously update this document.